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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/663,488	09/16/2003	Joseph P. Errico	F-291	2425	
LERNER, DAV	530 7590 06/05/2007 LERNER, DAVID, LITTENBERG, KRUMHOLZ & MENTLIK 600 SOUTH AVENUE WEST			EXAMINER PELLEGRINO, BRIAN E	
				PELLEGRINO, BRIAN E	
WESTFIELD, NJ 07090			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3738		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			06/05/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/663,488	ERRICO ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
·	Brian E. Pellegrino	3738				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 Ap	<u>oril 2007</u> .	· .				
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims		·				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13 and 15</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13 and 15</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	ır.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	epted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
Certified copies of the priority document						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio	•	ed in this National Stage				
application from the International Bureau						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies not receive	ea.				
Attachment(s)		(DTO 440)				
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal I	Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Art Unit: 3738

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 4/23/07 has been entered.

Specification

The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required: the new limitation of the post being "permanently coupled with the manipulation tool" was not found in the written disclosure.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-13,15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter

Art Unit: 3738

which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The new limitation that the post is "permanently coupled" to the manipulation tool is unsupported by the disclosure. One of ordinary skill in the art understands "permanent" to mean affixed or joined without removal. The written disclosure does not recite that the post is joined or attached such that it cannot be removed. The new limitation is new matter.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 1-12 as best understood are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Young et al. (6190414). Fig. 10 shows an intervertebral spacer device with first and second baseplates (158,160) that are mounted to one another via joint 162. It can also be seen the baseplates include a plurality of engagement holes (170,172) in a perimetrical region that has a single post 140 positioned within the holes of the plates. The examiner is interpreting the claimed element "engagement hole" in this way: a cavity in something solid or an opening. Claims in a pending application should be given their broadest reasonable interpretation. *In re Pearson*, 181 USPQ 641 (CCPA 1974). See also *In re Morris*, Fed. Cir. 1997 127 F3d 1048, 1054,1055. The Examiner is also interpreting the "coupling" of the post with the tool as being accomplished via the gear mechanism and since it is within the slots of the distal end of

engagement holes of the plates.

Art Unit: 3738

the tool, it is "permanent" and cannot be displaced in a lateral direction. Please note the intended use, as set forth in the claims, carries no weight in the absence of any distinguishing structure. Thus the spinal device is fully capable of having the desired surgical approach aspects. It can be seen that the post has a first position with a significant portion of the post within the tool and when cranked up to engage the plates to a second position, the post extends outward from the distal end to dispose within the

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brantigan (5192327) in view of Rogers et al. (6709439). Brantigan discloses (Fig. 4) an intervertebral spacer device **17** with plates **11** having engagement holes **13**. Brantigan also shows (Figs. 13,14) a manipulation tool with posts (**73,75** respectively) that are inserted into the engagement holes via threads. However, Brantigan fails to disclose the tool has a spring to bias the post into the engagement hole. Rogers et al. teach (Fig. 7) a spring **64** loaded manipulation tool. Rogers also teaches that the spring is to maintain or keep the tip in the engagement hole, col. 8, lines 10-16. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the means to maintain the post or tip

Art Unit: 3738

in the engagement hole and use a spring to hold the post in the hole as taught by Rogers et al. with the tool of Brantigan such that it makes it easier for the surgeon to attach to the implant.

Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brantigan '327 in view of Rogers et al. '439 as applied to claim 13 above, and further in view of Baccelli et al. (2003/2849). Brantigan in view of Rogers et al. is explained supra. However, Brantigan as modified by Rogers fail to teach a flange connected to the post. Baccelli et al. teach (Figs. 8,9) a flange 44 connected to the post for corresponding contour to better control manipulation or placement of the implant. It would have been an obvious expedient to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the flange as taught by Baccelli et al. with the tool of Brantigan as modified by Rogers et al. such that it can be placed in the implantation site with enough force to stabilize the vertebrae.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 4/23/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. In response to applicant's argument that the Young reference fails to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., the entire post being within the manipulation tool) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988

Application/Control Number: 10/663,488 Page 6

Art Unit: 3738

F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 13 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian E. Pellegrino whose telephone number is 571-272-4756. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8am to 5pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Corrine McDermott, can be reached at 571-272-4754. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

TC 3700, AU 3738

PRIMARY EXAMINER

Bran & Peller